National Aeronautics and Space Administration







Produced by the NASA Astrobiology Program to commemorate 50 years of Exobiology and Astrobiology at NASA.

# Astrobiology

#### A History of Exobiology and Astrobiology at NASA

This is the story of life in the Universe—or at least the story as we know it so far. As scientists, we strive to understand the environment in which we live and how life relates to this environment. As astrobiologists, we study an environment that includes not just the Earth, but the entire Universe in which we live.

The year 2010 marked 50 years of Exobiology and Astrobiology research at the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA). To celebrate, the Astrobiology Program commissioned this graphic history. It tells the story of some of the most important people and events that have shaped the science of Exobiology and Astrobiology. At only 50 years old, this field is relatively young. However, as you will see, the questions that astrobiologists are trying to answer are as old as humankind.

#### **Concept & Story**

Mary Voytek Linda Billings Aaron L. Gronstal

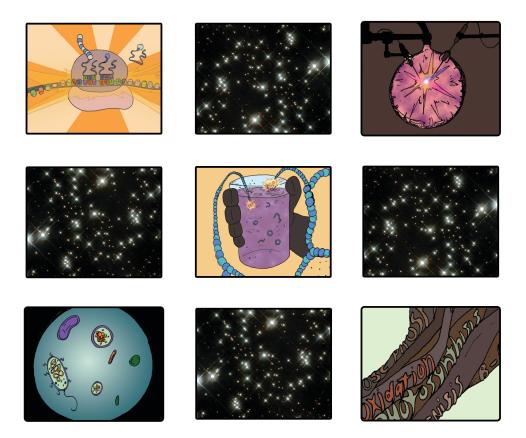
Artwork Aaron L. Gronstal

Script Aaron L. Gronstal

> Editor Linda Billings

Copyright 2019, NASA Astrobiology Program

### Issue #7—Prebiotic Chemistry and the Origin of Life



The year 2010 marked the 50th anniversary of NASA's Exobiology Program, established in 1960 and expanded into a broader Astrobiology Program in the 1990s. To commemorate the past half century of research, we are telling the story of how this field developed and how the search for life elsewhere became a key component of NASA's science strategy for exploring space. This issue is the seventh in what we intend to be a series of graphic history books. Though not comprehensive, the series has been conceived to highlight key moments and key people in the field as it explains how Astrobiology came to be.

-Linda Billings, Editor

Astrobiology is the study of life's potential in the Universe.

> Astrobiologists come from many scientific disciplines...

61

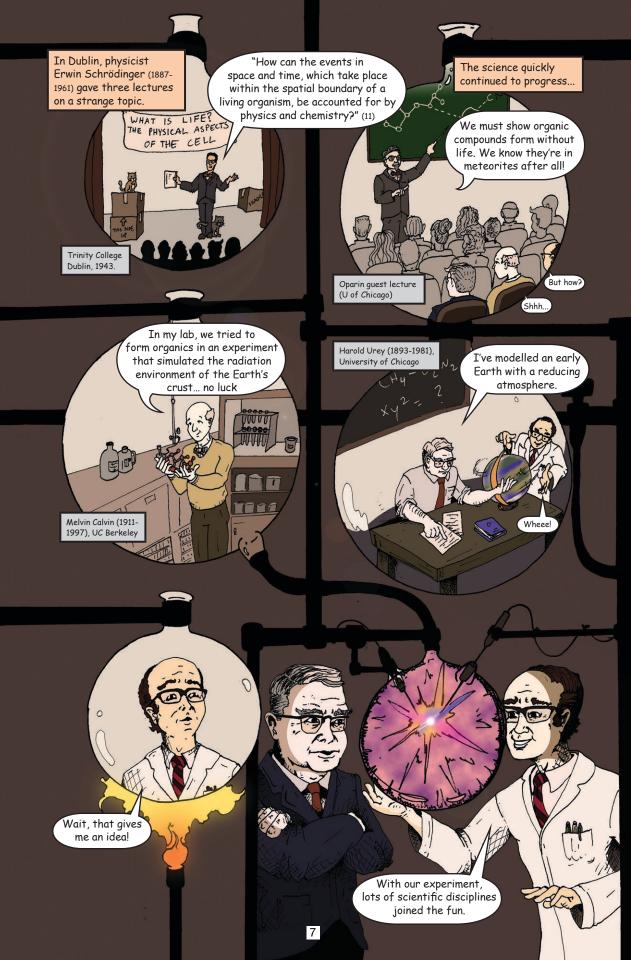
...and they use all the scientific tools at their disposal to understand life's role in the cosmos.



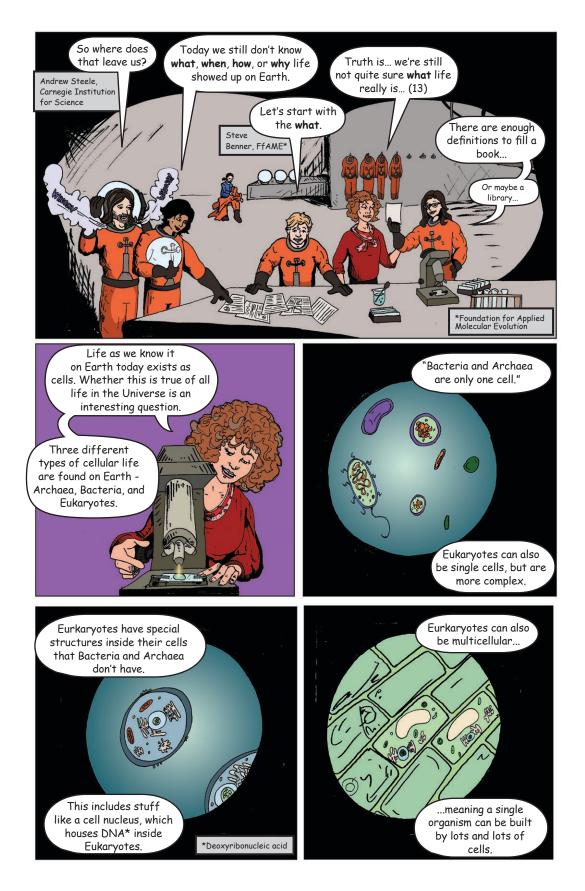




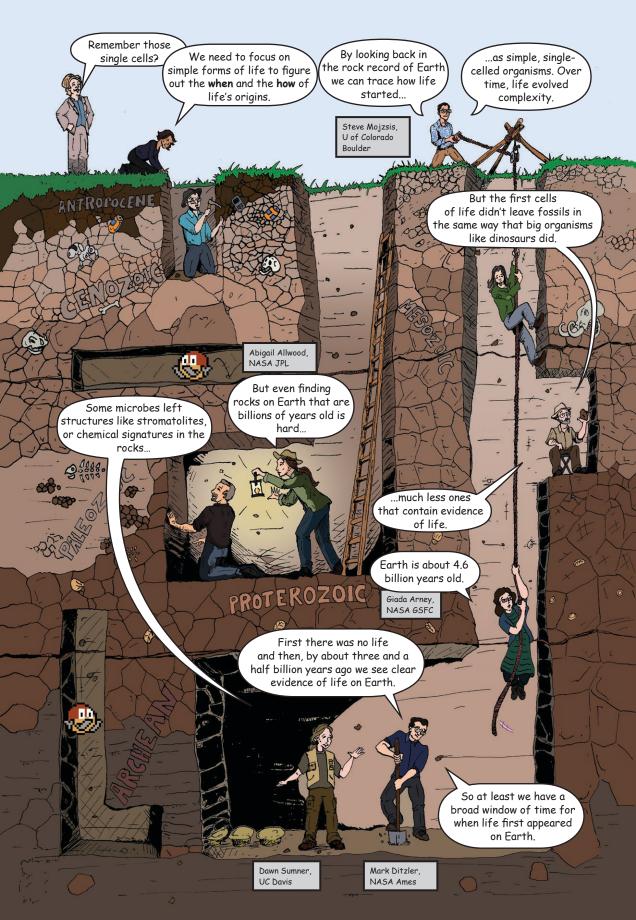




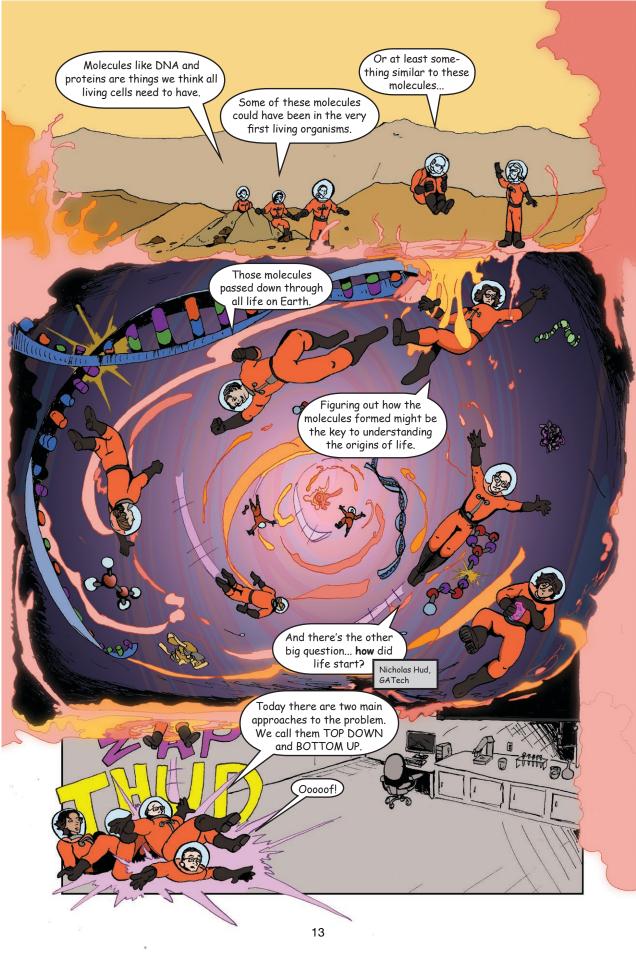


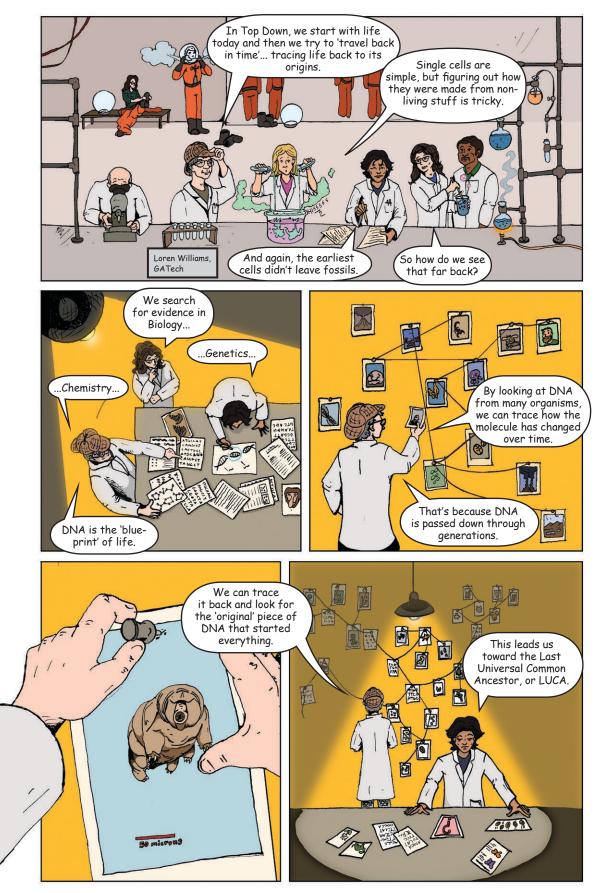


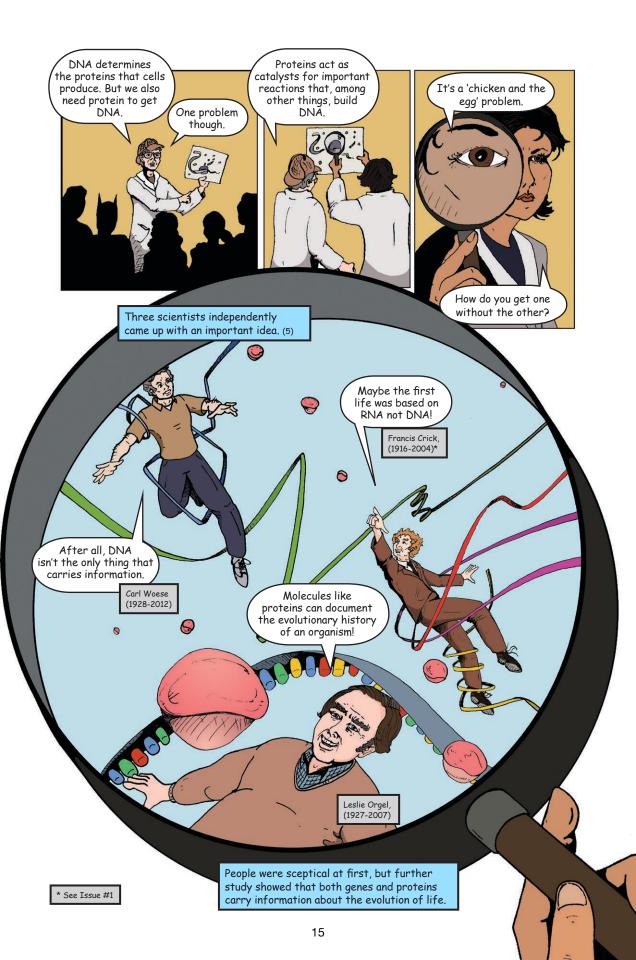




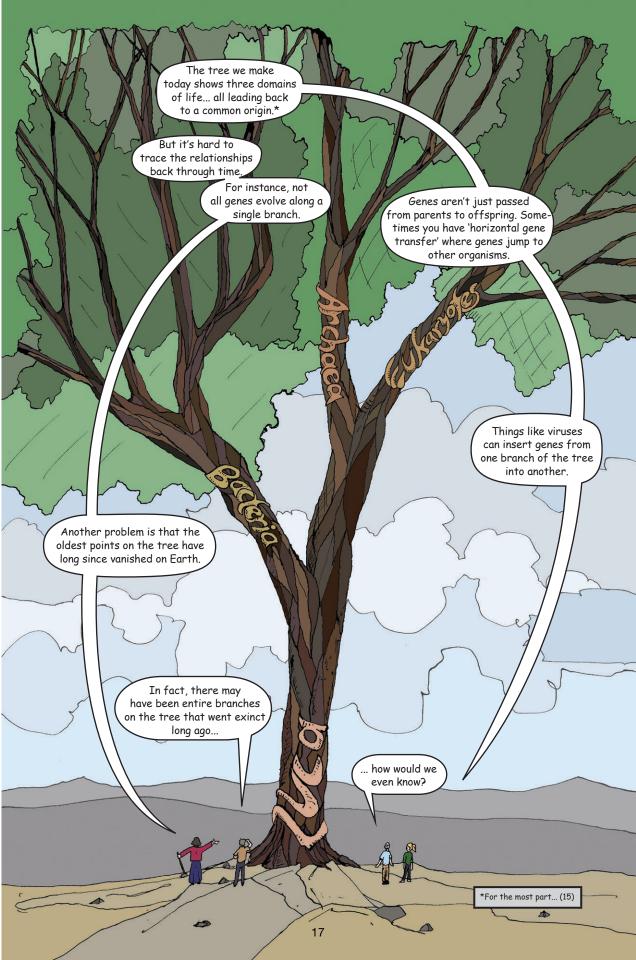








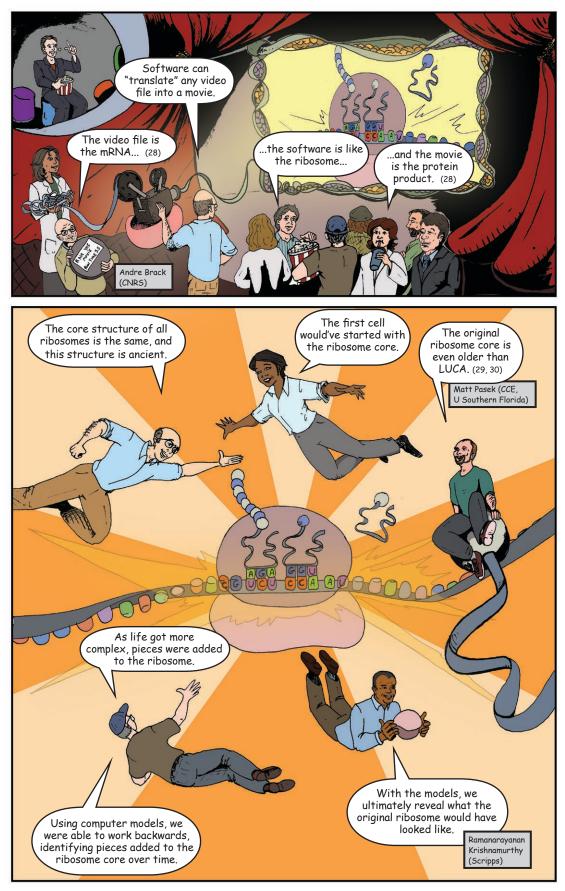


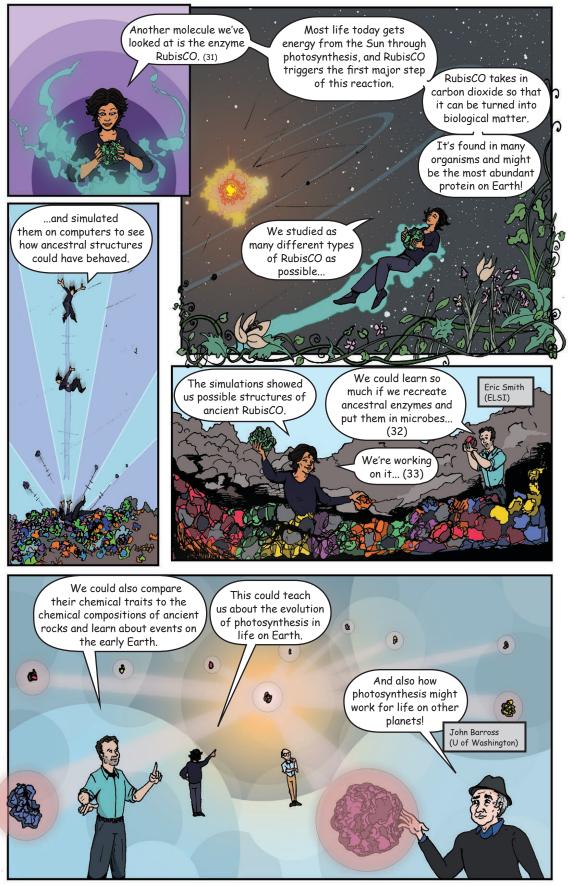


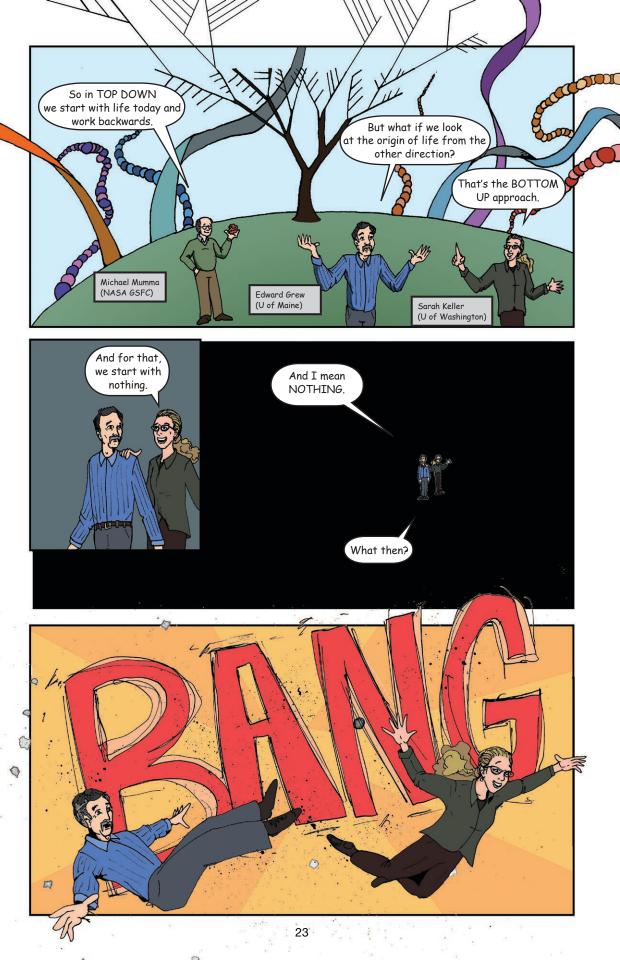


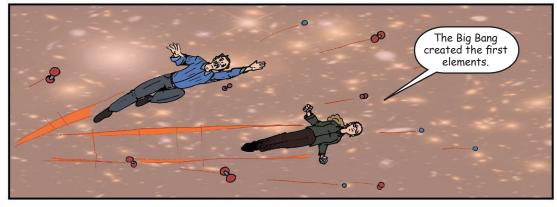




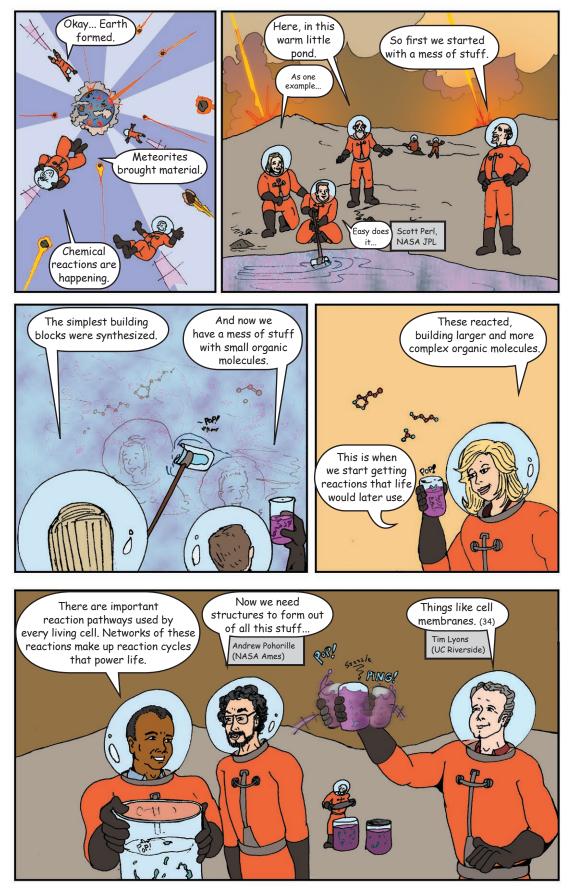












With membranes, we get chemical reactions in compartments... and things that look a bit like cells. We call them 'proto-cells.' (35,36)

Irene A. Chen

UC Santa Barbara

Adolph Strecker (1822-1871) (37)

20

Finally, the system is an isolated environment that can be shifted from chemical equilibrium.

For instance, the balance of ions inside the membrane and outside might be different. The 'protocell' controls the flow of material across the membrane.

Lee Cronin,

U of Glasgov

At some point, the cell becomes a living thing. It's able to evolve and reproduce, transferring its genetic information to its progeny.

0

0

Michael Russell,

NASA JPL

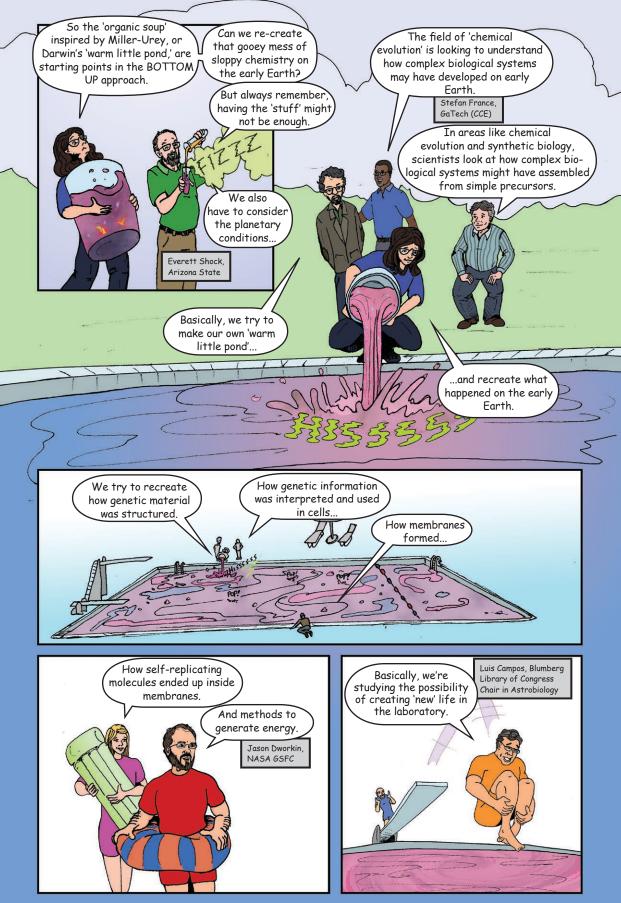
In prebiotic chemistry we study how organic carbon molecules are formed from chemical reactions in ways that don't involve life.

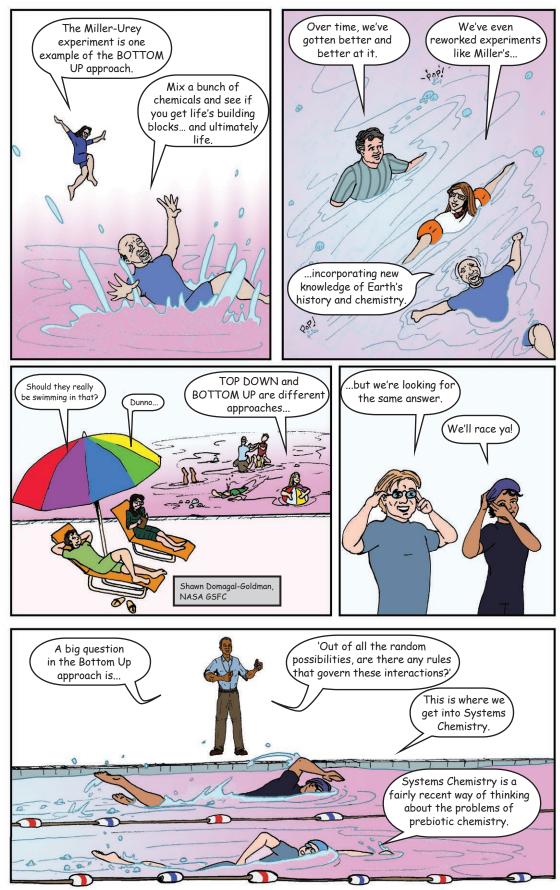
It was with a process dubbed Strecker Synthesis..

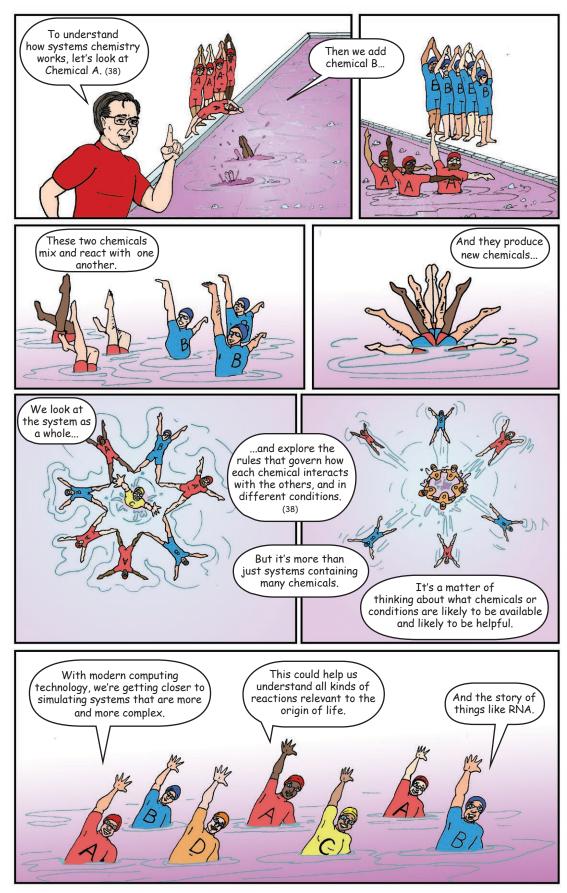
(Named for me!)

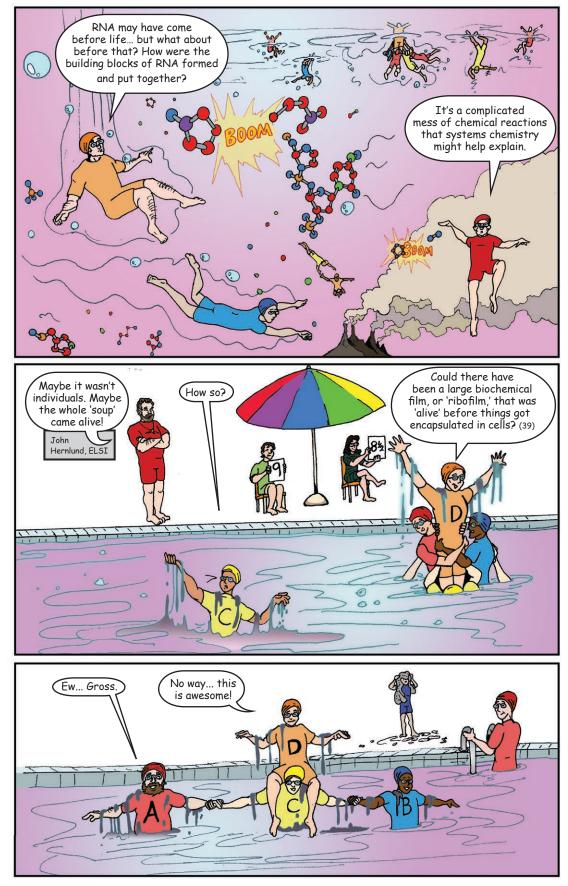
... that we learned how to make molecules for the first time. They were amino acids, the building blocks of proteins.

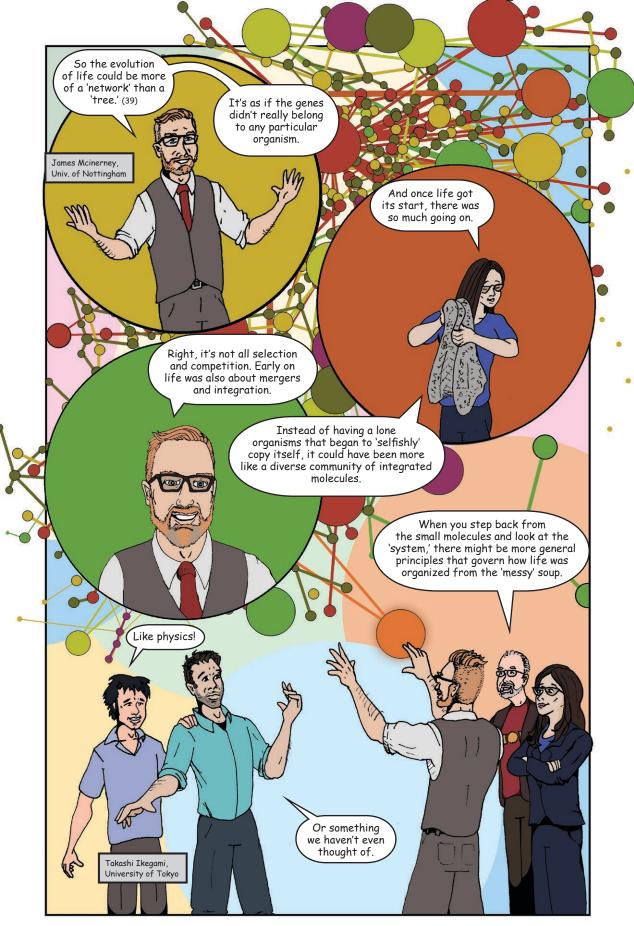
Now, after years of practice, we're able to make all kinds of things.



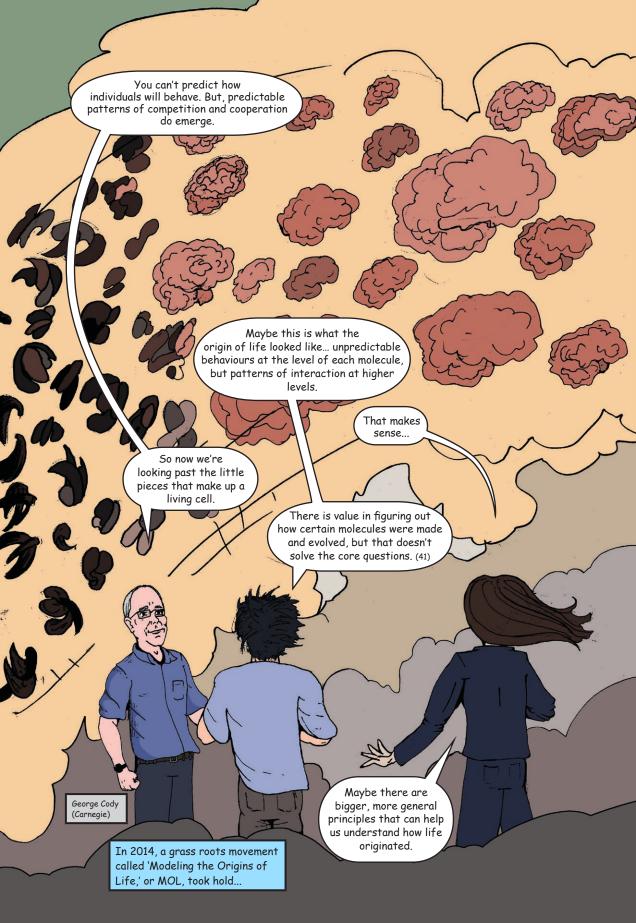


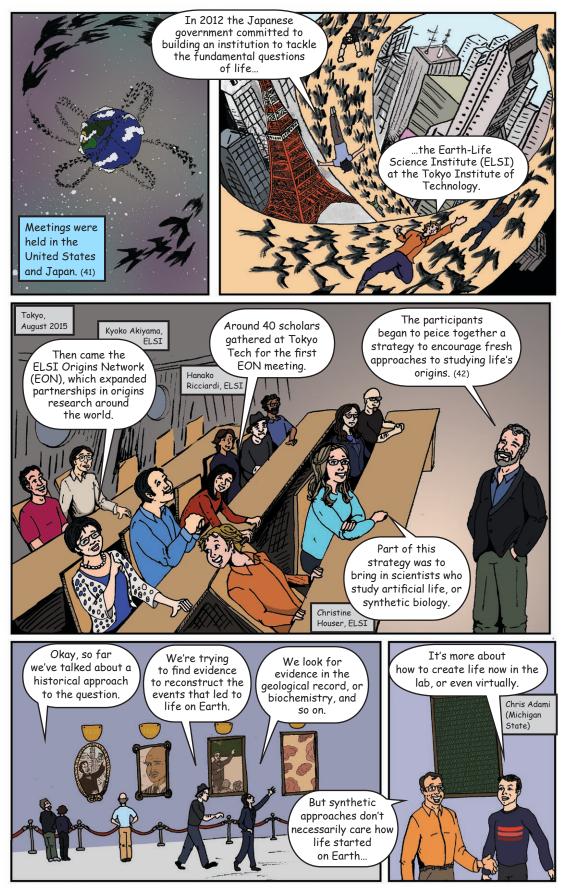




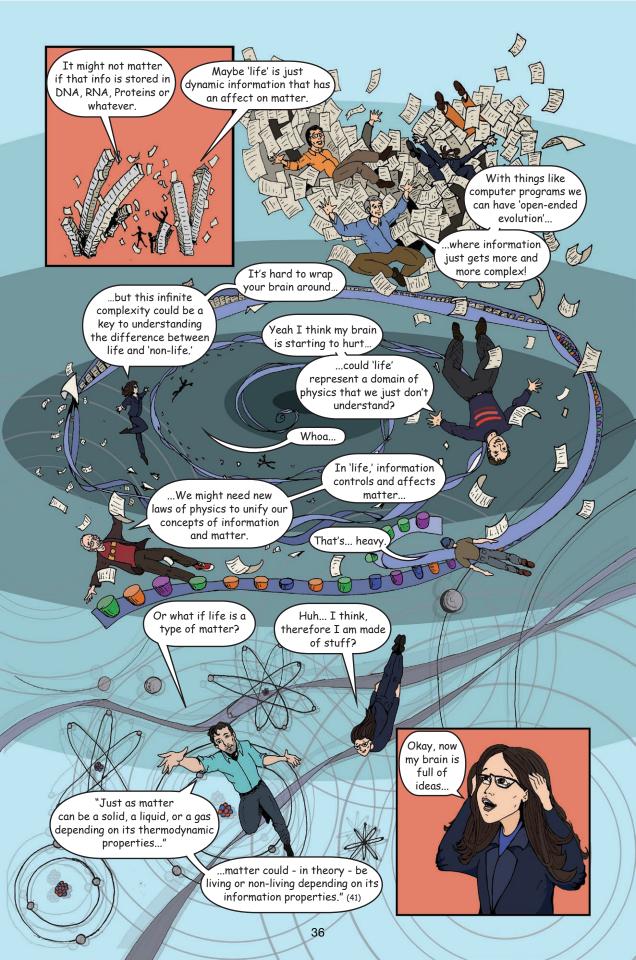


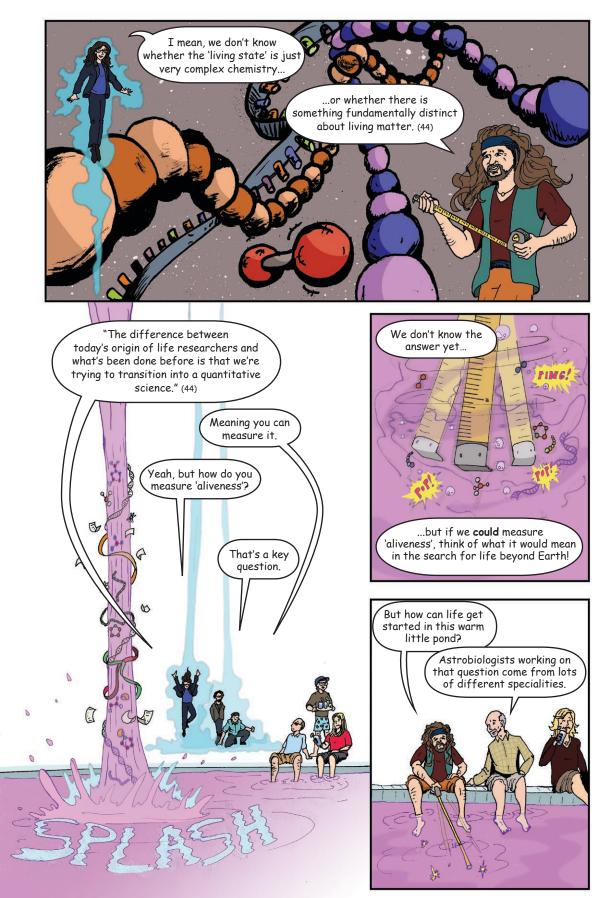


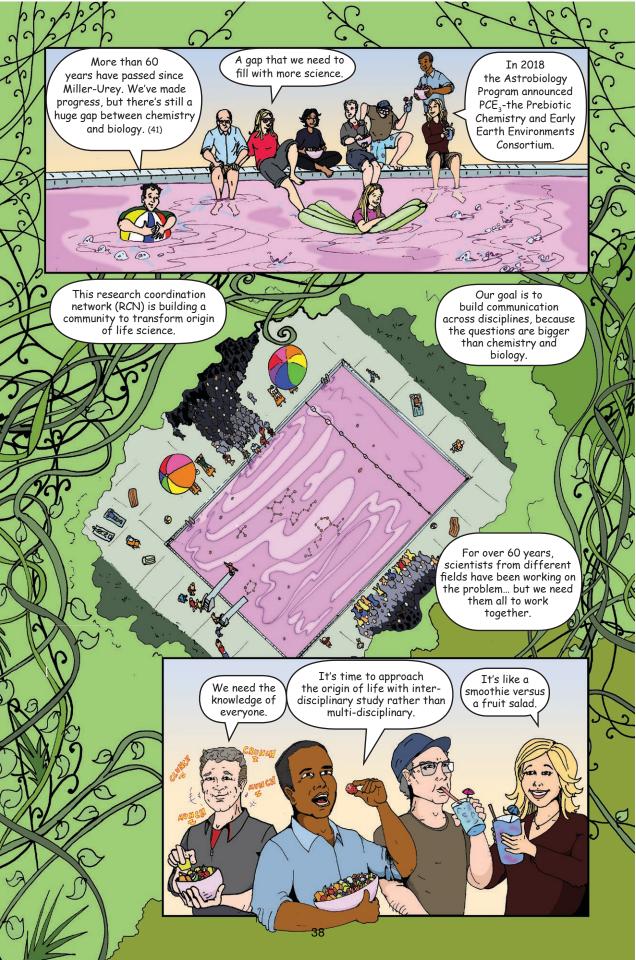


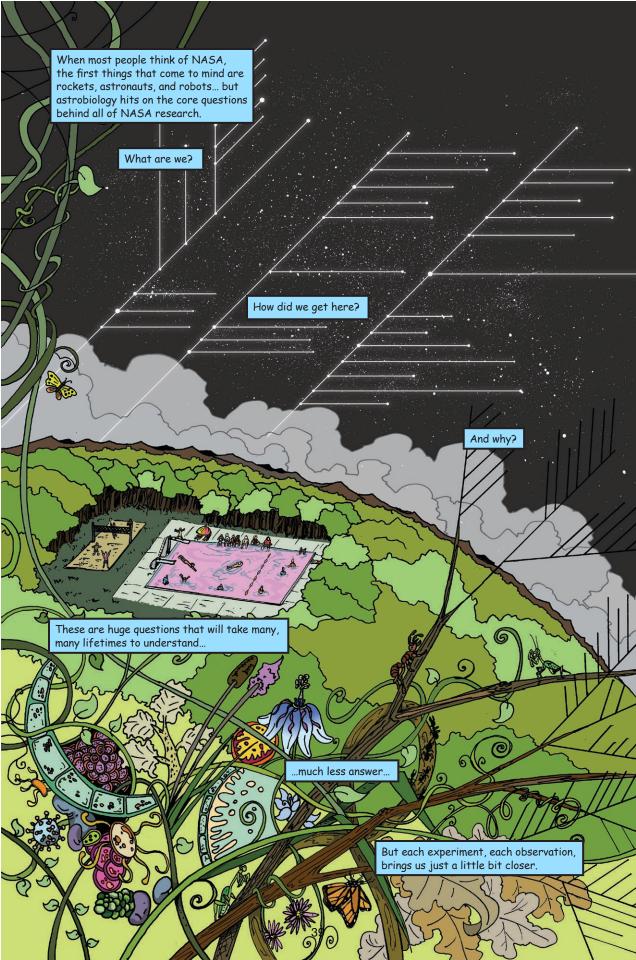












## Astrobiology

#### A History of Exobiology and Astrobiology at NASA

Further Resources and References cited in this issue:

- 1. Domagal-Goldman, SD, Wright, KE, et. al. (2016) The Astrobiology Primer v2.0. Astrobiology, Vol. 16, No. 8.
- 2. Service, RF (2015) Researchers may have solved origin-of-life conundrum. Science. doi:10.1126/science.aab0325
- 3. Miller, S. (1953) A Production of Amino Acids under Possible Primitive Earth Conditions. Science, Vol 117(3046), 528-529.
- 4. Lazcano, A, Bada, JL. (2003) The 1953 Stanley L. Miller experiment: fifty years of prebiotic organic chemistry. Origin of Life and Evolution of the Biosphere, Vol. 33, No. 3, 235-242.
- 5. Lazcano, A. (2010) Historical Development of Origins Research. Cold Spring Harbor Perspectives in Biology, Vol 2, No 11.
- 6. Schwartz, M. (2001) The life and works of Louis Pasteur. Journal of Applied Microbiology, Vol 91, No 4, 597–601
- 7. Peretó, J, et. al. (2009) Charles Darwin and the Origin of Life. Origin if Life and Evolution of the Biosphere, Vol 39, No 5, 395–406.
- 8. Oparin, Al. (1924) Proiskhozhedenie zhizni. Moscow: Mosckovskii Rabochii (reprinted and translated in Bernal JD, the origin of life. London: Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1967)
- 9. Haldane, J.B.S. (1929) Origin of Life. The Rationalist Annual, Vol 148, 3-10.
- 10. Delaye, L, Lazcano, A. (2005) Prebiological evolution and the physics of the origin of life. Physics of Life Reviews, Vol 2, 47–64.
- 11. Schrodinger, E. (1944) What is Life? The Physical Aspect of the Living Cell. Cambridge University Press, 194pp.
- 12. Oparin, Al, Fesenkov, VG. (1961) Life in the Universe. New York, Twayne Publishers.
- 13. Astrobiology Magazine (2003) Life's Working Definition: Does it Work? Astrobiology Magazine. Available at: https://www.astrobio.net/origin-and-evolution-of-life/lifes-working-definition/
- 14. Gaucher, EA, et. al. (2010) Deep Phylogeny—How a Tree Can Help Characterize Early Life on Earth. Cold Springs Harbor Perspectives in Biology, 2:a002238
- 15. Cooper, K. (2017) Looking for LUCA, the Last Universal Common Ancestor. Available at: https://astrobiology.nasa.gov/news/looking-for-luca-the-last-universal-common-ancestor/
- 16. Woese, C. (1998) The Universal Ancestor. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (PNAS), Vol 95(12), 6854-6859.
- Glansdorff, N. et al. (2008) The Last Universal Common Ancestor: emergence, constitution and genetic legacy of an elusive forerunner. Biology Direct, Vol. 3(29), DOI: 10.1186/1745-6150-3-29
- Cech, T. R. et al. (1981) In vitro splicing of the ribosomal RNA precursor of Tetrahymena: involvement of a guanosine nucleotide in the excision of the intervening sequence. Cell 27, 487–496.
- 19. Zaug, AJ and Cech, TR (1980) In vitro splicing of the ribosomal RNA precursor in nuclei of Tetrahymena. Cell 19, 331–338.
- Kruger, K, et al. (1982) Self-splicing RNA: autoexcision and autocyclization of the ribosomal RNA intervening sequence of Tetrahymena. Cell, Vol 31(1), 147-157.

- 21. Szostak, JW (2012) The eightfold path to non-enzymatic RNA replication. Journal of Systems Chemistry, Vol. 3. DOI:10.1186/1759-2208-3-2.
- 22. Doherty, EA and Doudna, JA (2001) Ribozyme structures and mechanisms. Annual Reviews of Biophysics and Biomolecular Structure, Vol. 30, 457–475.
- 23. Lilley, DMJ (2003) The origins of RNA catalysis in ribozymes. Trends in Biochemical Science, Vol. 28, 495–501.
- 24. Cleaves, HJ, et. al. (2012) Mineral-organic interfacial processes: potential roles in the origins of life. Chemical Society Reviews, 41(16), 5502-5525.
- 25. Rode, BM (1999) Peptides and the origin of life 1. Peptides, Vol. 20, 773–786.
- 26. Cairns-Smith, AG and Hartman, H, editors (1986) Clay Minerals and the Origin of Life, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK.
- 27. Brack, A (2006) Chapter 7.4: Clay Minerals and the Origin of Life. Developments in Clay Science, Vol 1, 379-391.
- 28. Cech, TR (1989) Exploring the New RNA World. The Nobel Prize, available at: https://www.nobelprize.org/nobel\_prizes/chemistry/laureates/1989/cech-article. html
- 29. Petrov, AS, et. al. (2014) Evolution of the ribosome at atomic resolution. PNAS, Vol. 111(28), 10251-10256.
- 30. Bray, MS, et. al. (2018) Multiple prebiotic metal mediate translation. PNAS, Vol 115(48), 12164-12169.
- Kacar, B, et. al. (2017) Constraining the timing of the Great Oxidation Event within the RubisCO phylogenetic tree. Geobiology, Vol 15(5), doi: 10.1111/ gbi.12243
- Kacar, B, et. al. (2017) Resurrecting ancestral genes in bacteria to interpret an cient biosignatures. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society A, 375(2109).
- Garcia, AK, and Kacar, B (2019) How to resurrect ancestral proteins as proxies for ancient biogeochemistry. Free Radical Biology and Medicine, doi: 10.1016/j. freeradbiomed.2019.03.033
- 34. Deamer, D (2006) The Role of Lipid Membranes in Life's Origin. Life, 7(1). 5.
- 35. Chen, IA, Walde, P (2010) From self-assembled vesicles to protocells. Cold Spring Harb Perspect Biol, 2(7). doi: 10.1101/cshperspect.a002170
- 36. Chen, IA and Szostak JW (2004) A kinetic study of the growth of fatty acid vesicles. Biophysics Journal, 87(2). 988-999.
- Strecker, A (1850) Ueber die künstliche Bildung der Milchsäure und einen neuen, dem Glycocoll homologen Körper. Annalen der Chemie und Pharmacie, 75 (1). 27-45.
- 38. Szostak, JW (2009) Origins of life: Systems chemistry on early Earth. Nature, 459(7244). 171-172.
- 39. Krishnamurthy, R (2017) Giving Rise to Life: Transition from Prebiotic Chemistry to Protobiology. Accounts of Chemical Research, 50(3). 455-459.
- 40. https://www.wikipedia.org/
- 41. Bontemps, J (2016) Seeking New Insight into Life's Origin. Available at: https://astrobiology.nasa.gov/news/seeking-new-insight-into-lifes-origin/
- 42. Scharf, C (2016) A Strategy for Origins of Life Research. Available at: https:// astrobiology.nasa.gov/news/a-strategy-for-origins-of-life-research/
- 43. Campos, LA (2015) Radium and the Secret of Life. University of Chicago Press. 352 pp
- 44. Walker, SI and Davies, P (2013) The algorithmic origins of life. Journal of the Royal Society Interface, 10(79). doi: 10.1098/rsif.2012.0869