



Astrobiology

A History of Exobiology and Astrobiology at NASA

This is the story of life in the Universe—or at least the story as we know it so far. As scientists, we strive to understand the environment in which we live and how life relates to this environment. As astrobiologists, we study an environment that includes not just the Earth, but the entire Universe.

The year 2010 marked 50 years of Exobiology and Astrobiology research at the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA). To celebrate, the Astrobiology Program commissioned this graphic history. It tells the story of some of the most important people and events that have shaped the science of Exobiology and Astrobiology. At only 50 years old, this field is relatively young. However, as you will see, the questions that astrobiologists are trying to answer are as old as humankind.

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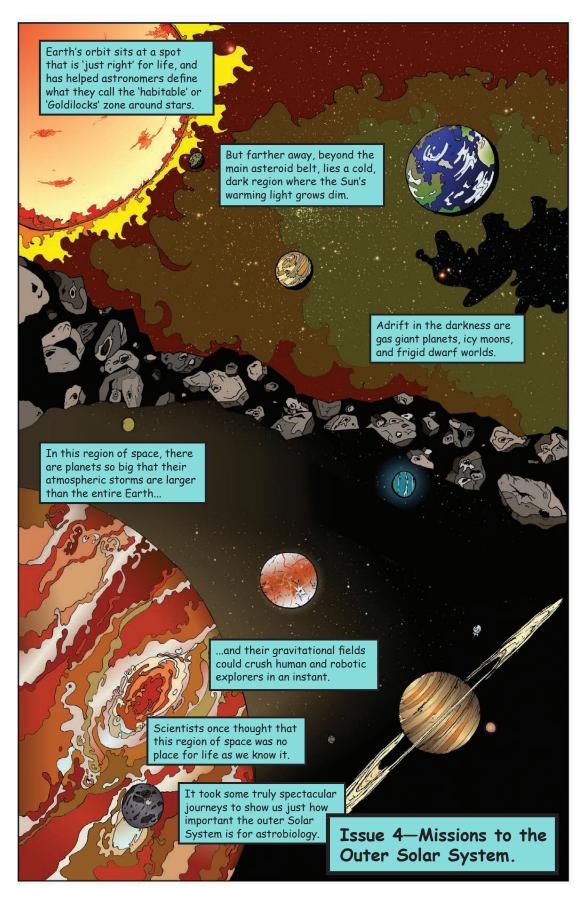
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Issue #4Missions to the Outer Solar System

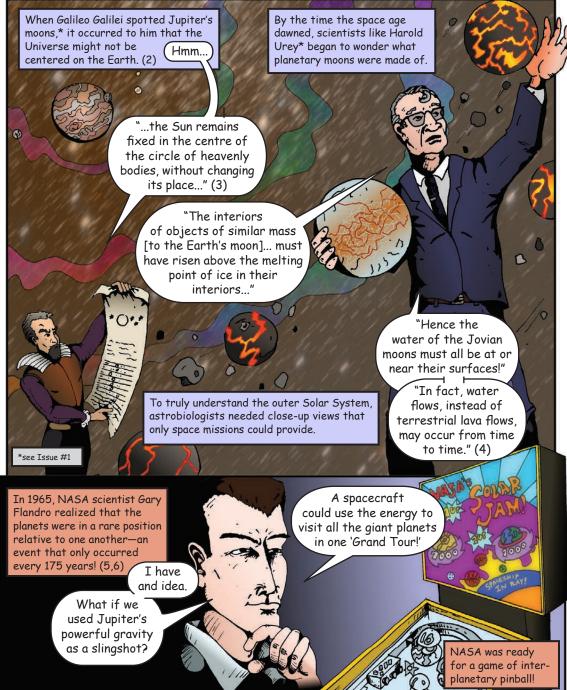


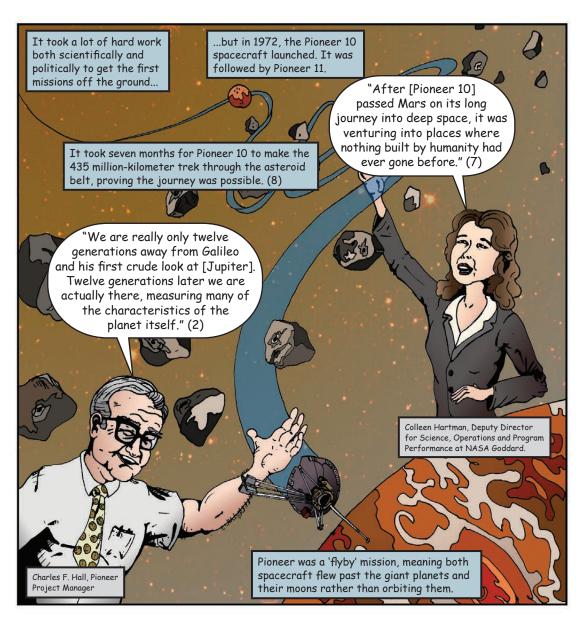
The year 2010 marked the 50th anniversary of NASA's Exobiology Program, established in 1960 and expanded into a broader Astrobiology Program in the 1990s. To commemorate the past half century of research, we are telling the story of how this field developed and how the search for life elsewhere became a key component of NASA's science strategy for exploring space. This issue is the fourth in what we intend to be a series of graphic history books. Though not comprehensive, the series has been conceived to highlight key moments and key people in the field as it explains how Astrobiology came to be.

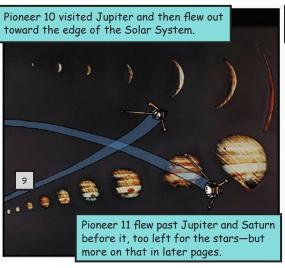
-Linda Billings, Editor

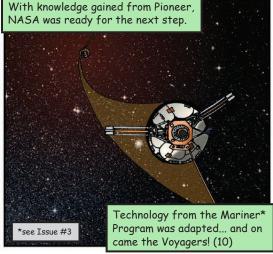


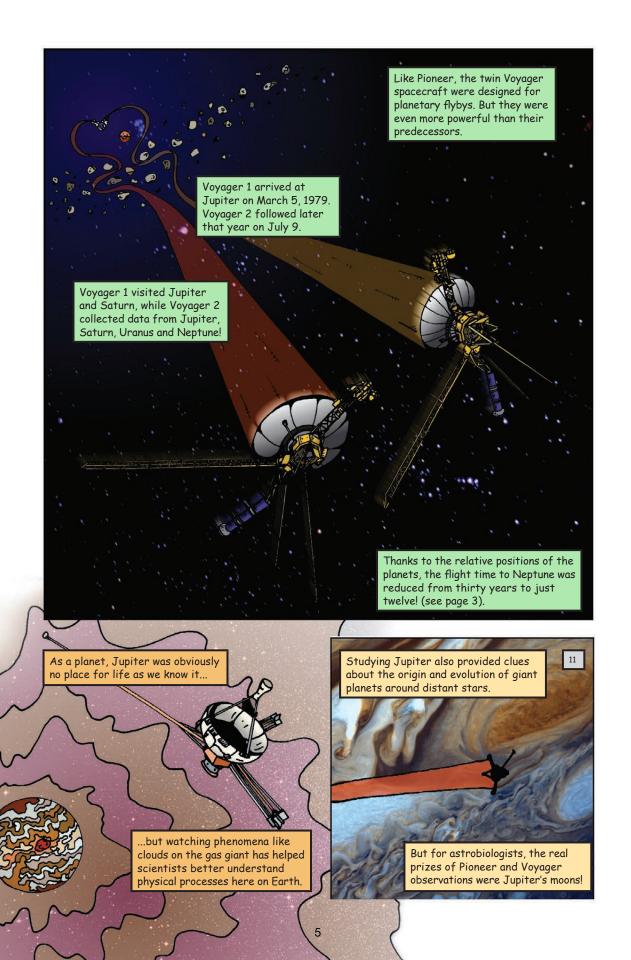


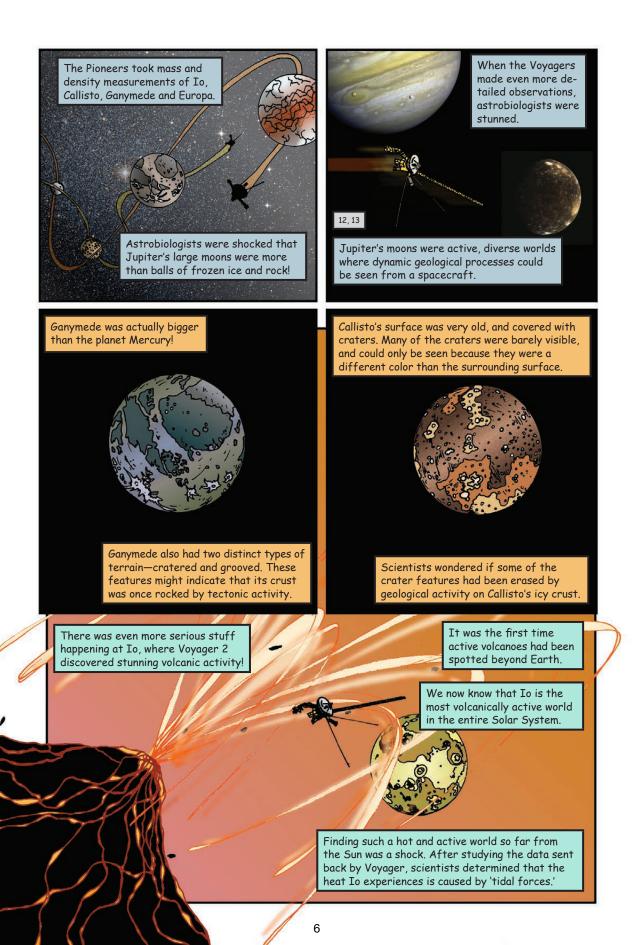


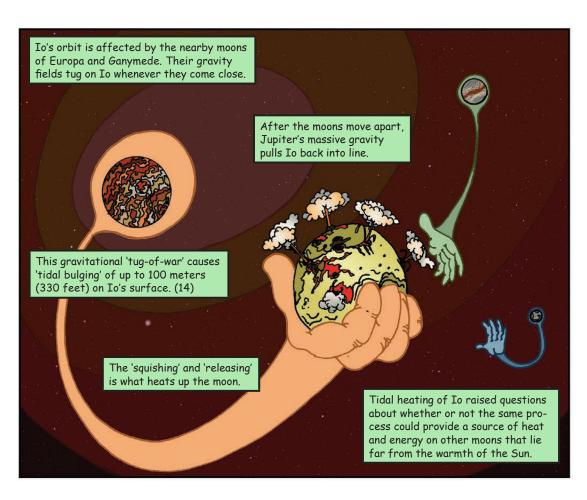


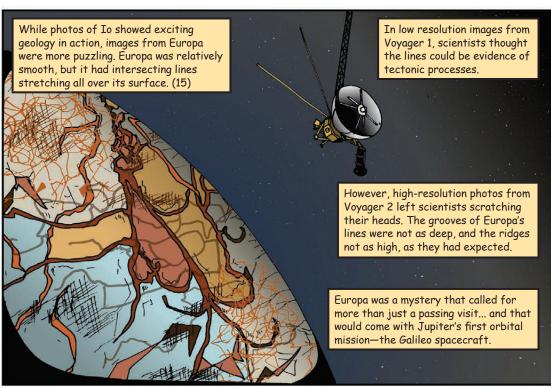








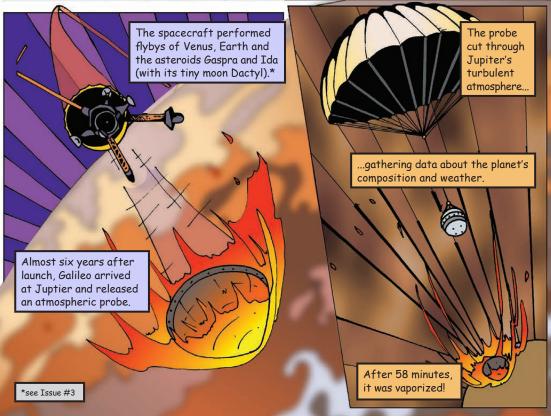


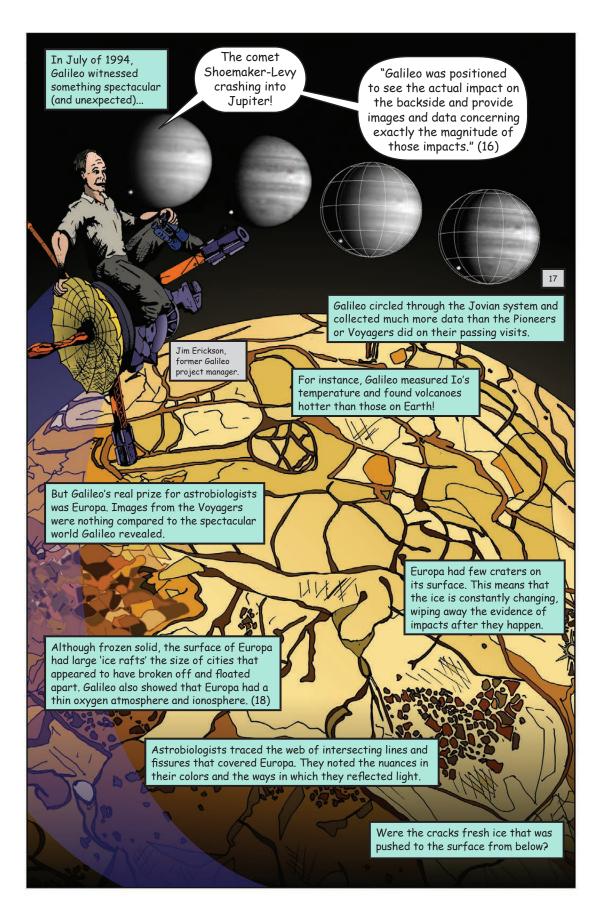


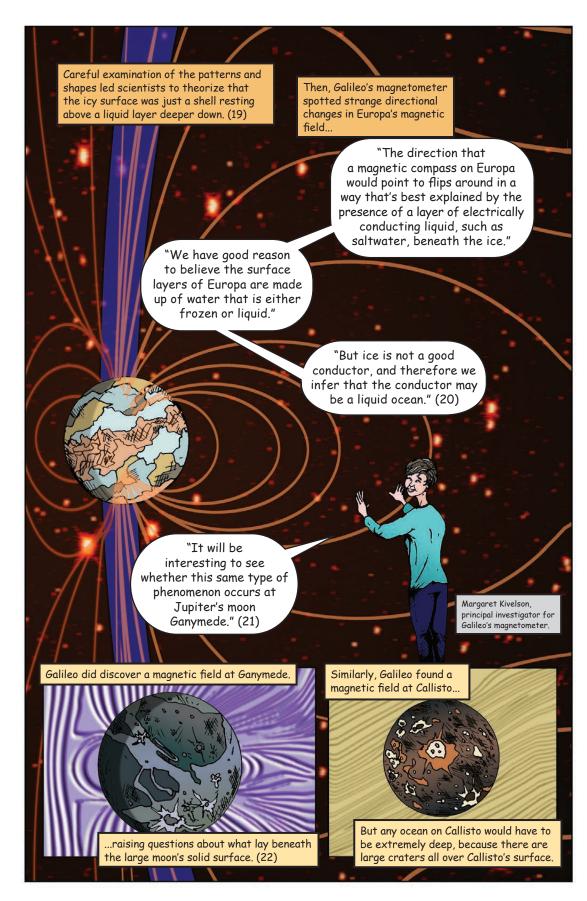


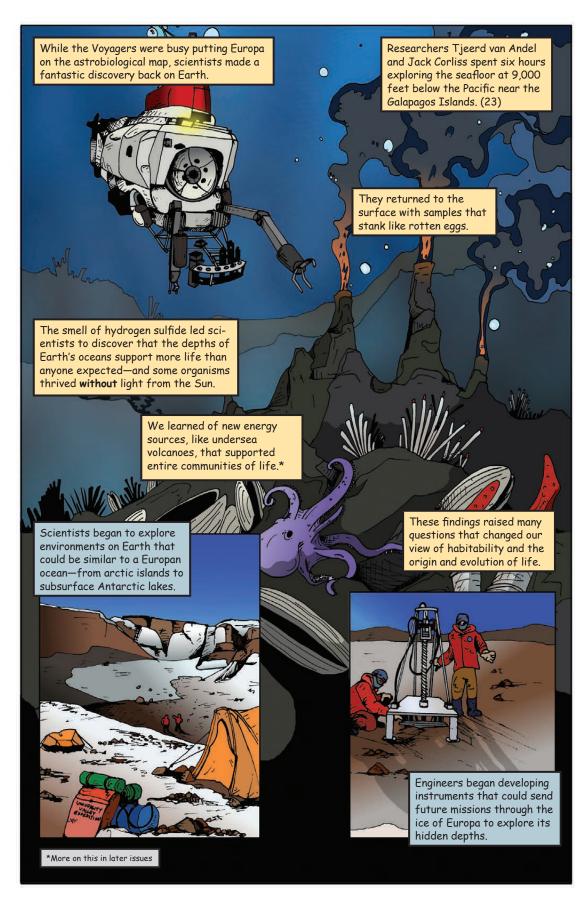


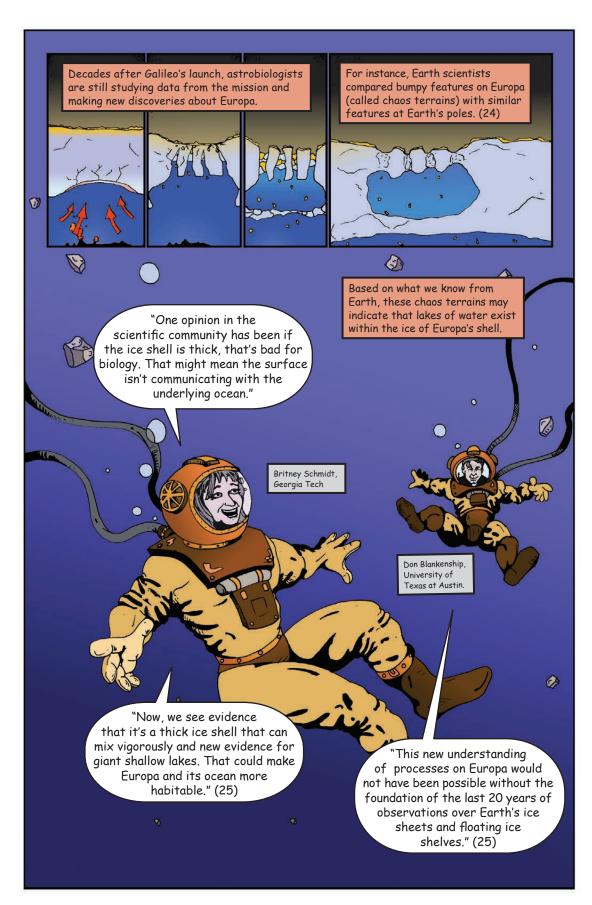


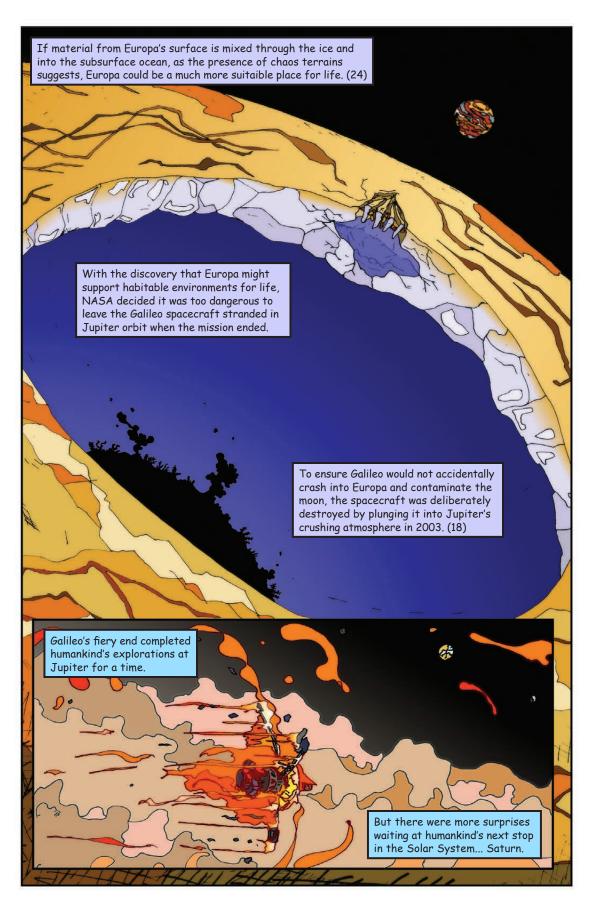


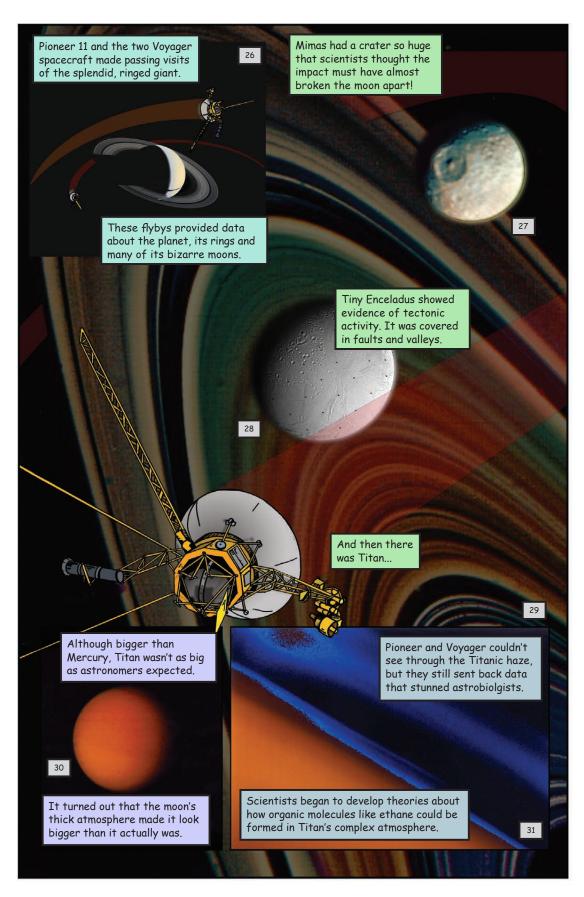


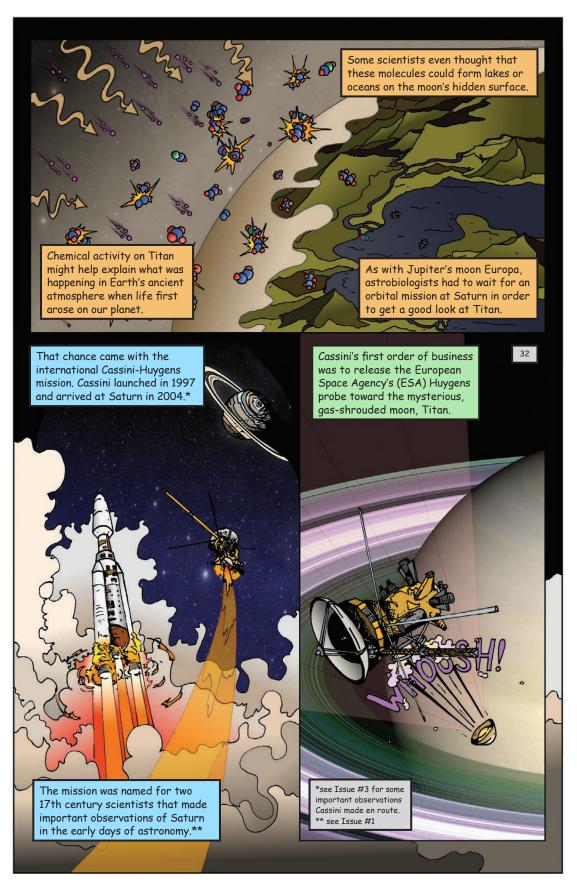


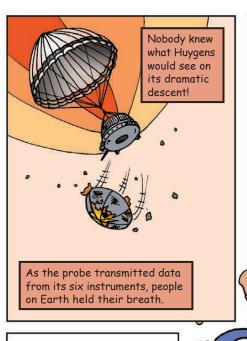


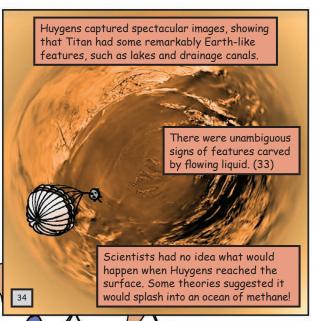


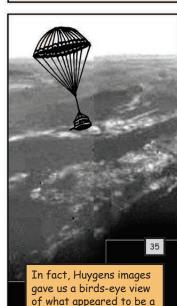












dark, hydrocarbon lake.

When Huygens became the first explorer to land on a world of the outer Solar System, it touched down on a soft, but solid surface. (36)

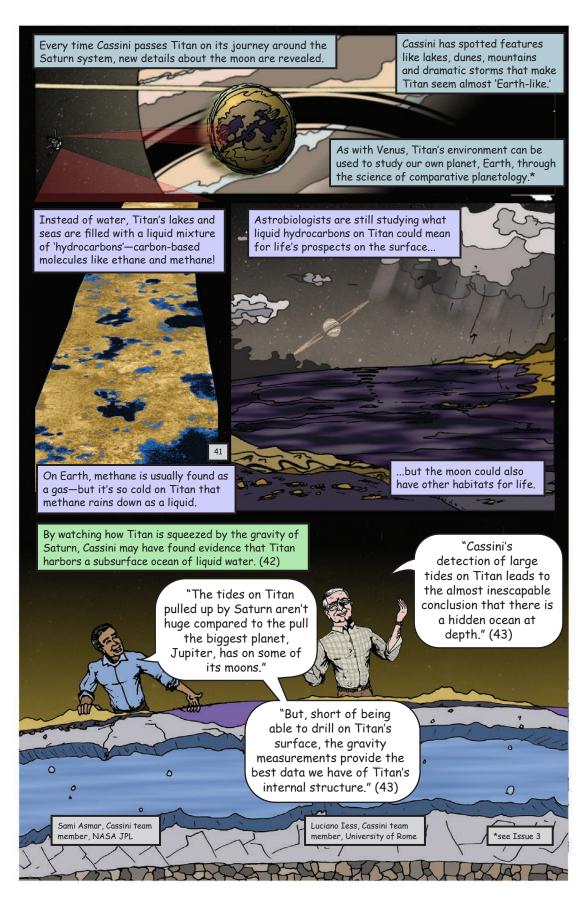
Titan is so cold that the landing site had chunks of water ice instead of rocks. (37)

As Huygens warmed bursts of methane gas. (38)

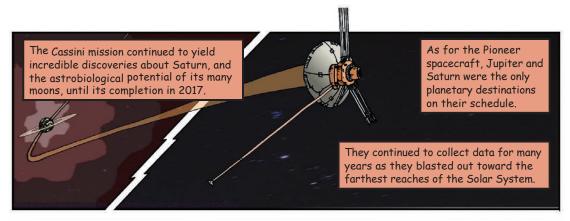
the soil, it detected

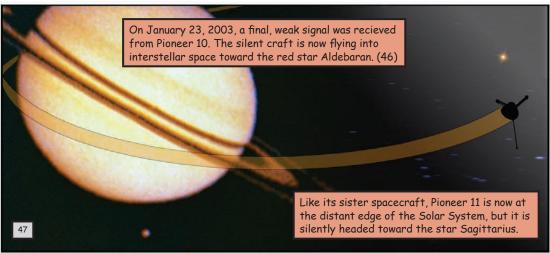
"I am so shocked!" "I really didn't expect the images to be so easily interpretable. "I thought we'd see patterns... and I thought they'd Carolyn Porco, Cassini still be mysterious Imaging Team Lead. to us."

"But the images that we've seen... one of them is clearly a drainage pattern." (40)

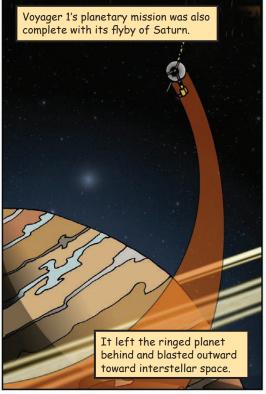


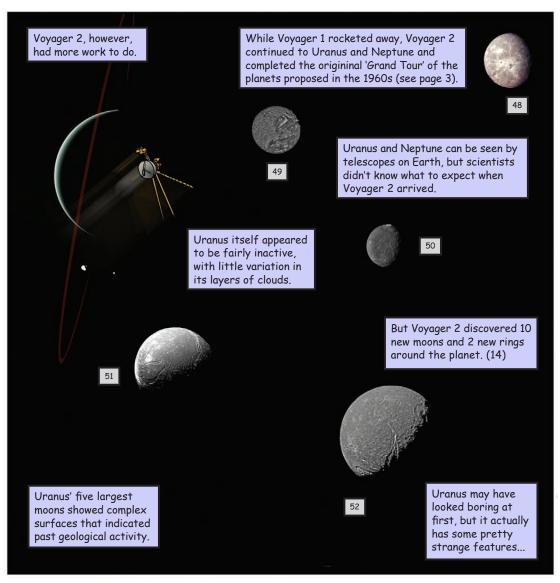


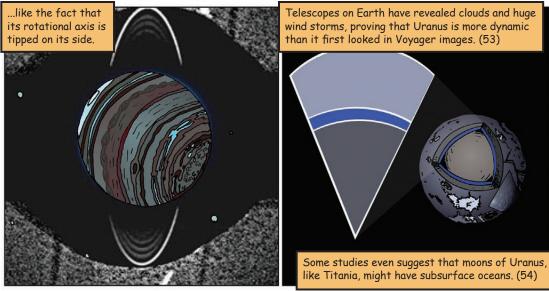


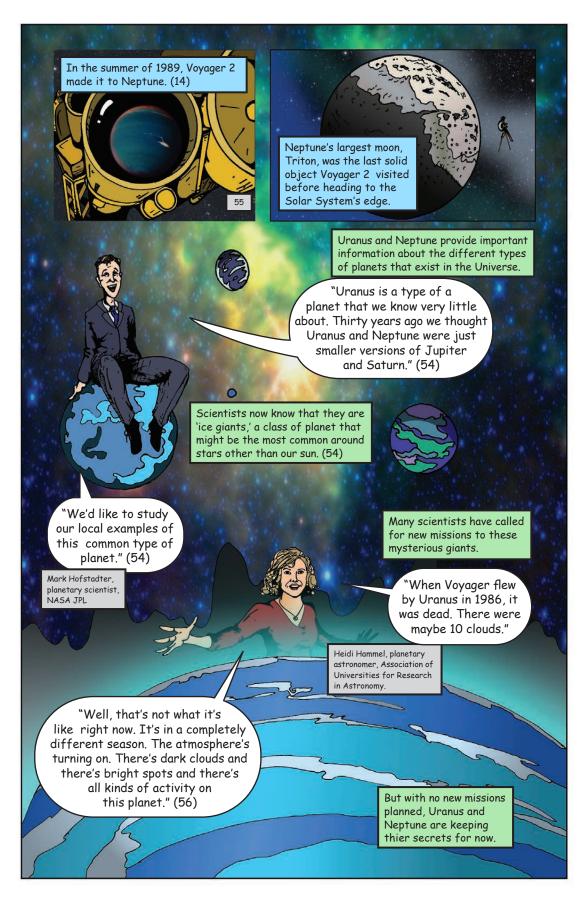




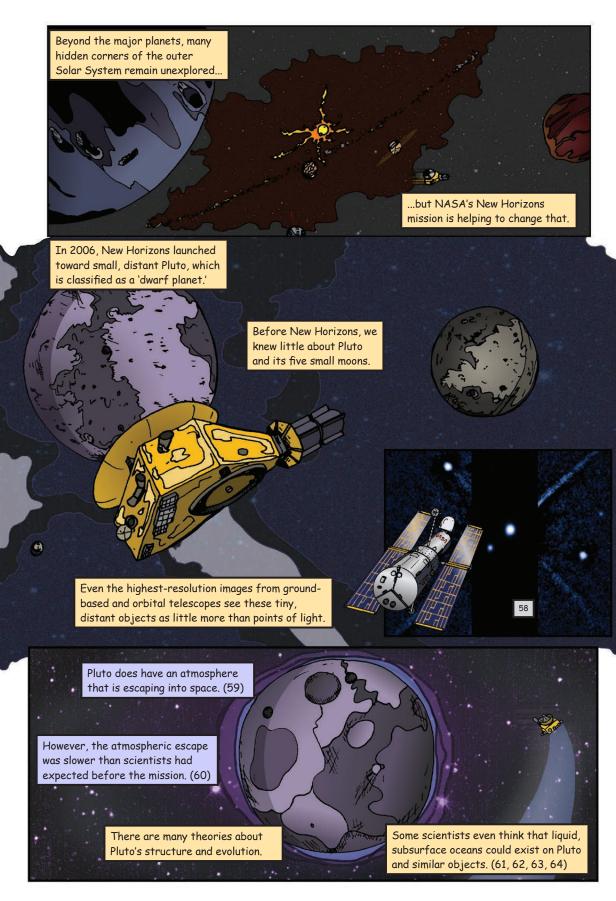


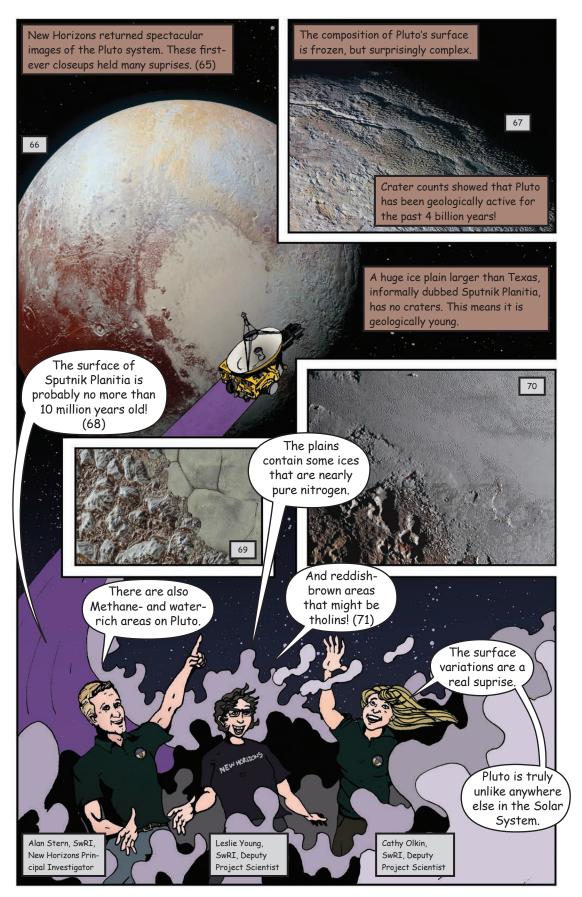


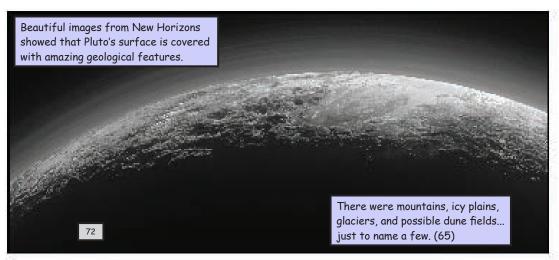


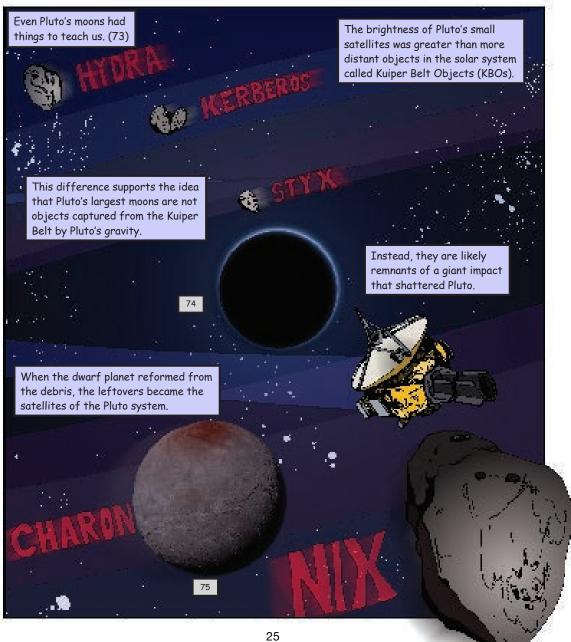


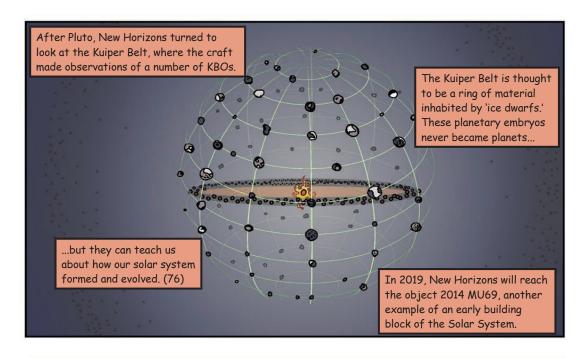


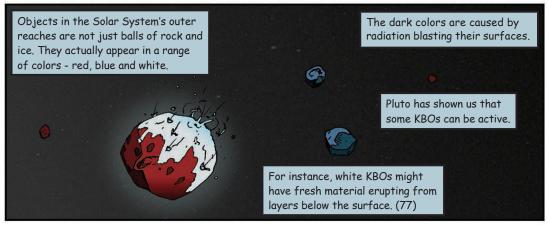


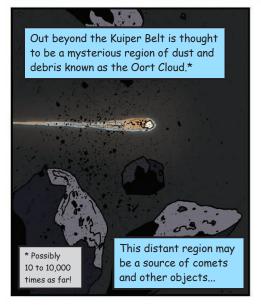


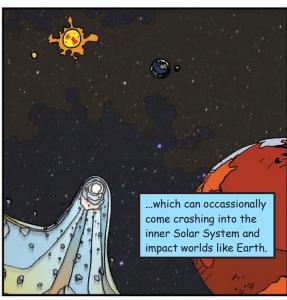


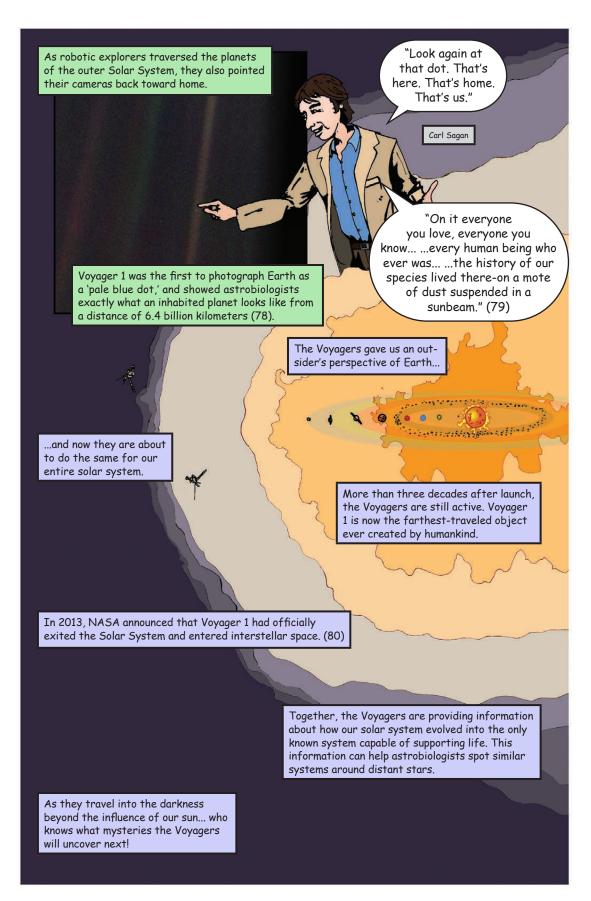


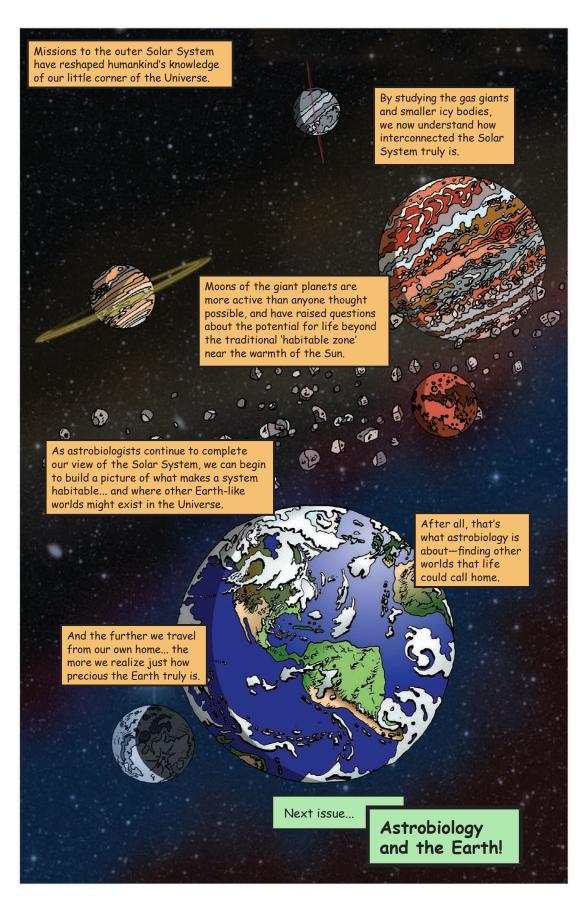












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